# CNS SPECTRUMS®

# **ORIGINAL RESEARCH**

Obsessive-Compulsive Disorder: An Open-Label Pilot Trial of Escitalopram

A. Galvão-de Almeida, L.C. Quarantini, C.R. Góis, R. Santos-Jesus, Â.M.A. Miranda-Scippa, I.R. de Oliveira, H. da Silva Prado, J.F. Leckman, and M.C. Rosário

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### Spatial Neglect, Balint-Homes' and Gerstmann's Syndromes, and Other Spatial Disorders

G. Vallar

**Body Image and the Parietal Lobes** 

M. Trimble

The Precuneus and Consciousness

A.E. Cavanna

# **CASE REPORT**

### Suicidal Ideation Versus Suicidal Obsession: A Case Report

A.J. Wetzler, R. Elias, L. Fostick, and J. Zohar

## **PEARLS IN CLINICAL NEUROSCIENCE**

5-HT<sub>2A</sub>: Its Role in Frontally Mediated Executive Function and Related Psychopathology

D.J. Stein, S. Hemmings, H. Moolman-Smook, and K. Audenaert

Index Medicus/MEDLINE citation: CNS Spectr

www.cnsspectrums.com

Vyvanse™ (lisdexamfetamine dimesylale)	CII	Rx Oni
BRIEF SUMMARY: Consult the Full Prescribing Information for complete product information.		
AMPHETAMINES HAVE & HIGH POTENTIAL FOR ABUSE ADMINISTRATION OF	AMPHETAMINES FO	B PROLONGE

AMP/RTAMINES HAVE A HIGH POTENTIAL FOR ABUSE. ADMINISTRATION OF AMP/RTAMINES FOR PROLONGED PERIODS OF THE HAV LEAD TO DRUG DEPENDENCE. PARTICULAR ATTENTION SHOULD BE PAID TO THE POSSIBILITY OF SUBJECTS Obtaining Amp/rtamines for Non-therapeutic use or distribution to others and the drugs should be prescribed or dispersed Sparkely. MISUSE OF AMPHETAMINE MAY CAUSE SUDDEN DEATH AND SERIOUS CARDIOVASCULAR ADVERSE EVENTS.

NUSSE OF AMMETANINE MULTICAUSE SUDDEN DEATH AND SERIOUS CARDIOVASCULAR ADVERSE EVENTS. INDIGATORS AND USAGE INDIGATORS INTO AND INFORMATION AND USAGE INDIGATORS INTO AND INFORMATION AND USAGE INDIGATORS INTO AND INTO AND INFORMATION AND INTO AND

CONTRAINDICATIONS

CONTRAINDICATIONS Advanced arteriscolexis, symptomatic cardiovascular disease, moderate to severe hypertension, hyperthyroidism, known hypersensitivity or discryriczsy to the sympathomirmetic amines, glaucoma. Apatraid states Pälents with a history of drug abuse. During or within 14 days following the administration of monoamine oxidase inhibitors (hypertensive crises may result).

# Donng or intern 19 user moving the automatication of indicating budges internets (hyperensive WARNINGS Serious Cardiovascular Events Sudden Death and Pre-existing Structural Cardiac Abnormalities or Other Serious Heart Problems Children and Addescents

Children and Adolescents Sudden death has been reported in association with CNS stimulant treatment at usual does in children and adolescents with structural cardia: abnormatilies or other serious heart problems. Although some serious heart problems above carry an increased risk of vari-desh, stimular products generally studied nob eu used in children or adolescents with known sorious structural cardica cahormatiles, cardiomyopathy, serious heart rhythm abnormatiles, or other serious cardiac problems that may place them at increased visit of vari-the sympathormiter effects of a stimular drug (see COMTRANDICATONS).

cardiomypathy, serious heart rhythm absommalities, or other serious cardiac problems that may place them it increased vulnerability to the sympathomismic effects of a simulant of trug (see COMRANDICATIONS). Adults Adults Adults of the series and mypacritial infraction have been reported in adults taking stimulant drugs at usual doese for ADHA. Athhough the orle of stimulants in these adult cases is about whom, adults have a grater likelihood than ordired of taking stimulant cardiac abnormalities, carcifourspothy, serious heart hythm abnormalities, corromary ramery disease, or other serious cardiac problems. Adults with such hormalities found also generally not be traded with simulant drugs (see COMRANDICATIONS). Hypertension and other Carcifoursceiter Comfilters Stimular medications cause a modes increase in awarge blood pressure (about 2-4 mmHg) and average heart rate (about 3-6 bpm), and individuals may have larger increases. While the mean charges alone would not be expected to have short-term consequences, at gateries advances and the carcifoursceiter Comfilters Stimular medications cause an modes in towase the hold pressure (about 2-4 mmHg) and average heart rate (about 3-6 bpm), and individuals may have larger increases. While the mean charges alone would not be expected to have short-term consequences, at gateries advances and the carcifoursceiter constituent of the set observation in the case to have and spring takes and short and the carcifoursceiters the internation arritytimical and takes and the set of the set observation in the set of the set

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short-term, placebor-controlled studies, such symptoms occurred in about 0.1% (4 patients with events out of 3482 exposed to methylphendated are ampletamine to event weeks at usable doess of strumularitic headed patients compared to in placebor trades planters. Appressive behavior or hostility is often observed in children and adolescents with APHD, and has been reported in children trials and the postmarkeling operations of the medications indicated for the trademort ADHD. Athough there is no systematic eventeen batt stimulants cause aggressive behavior or hostility, patients beginning treatment for ADHD should be monitored for the appearance of or worsening of aggressive behavior or hostility. Detember and who were randomized to either methylphenidate or non-medication careful followeng of weight and flaget in children ages 7 to 10 years who were randomized to either methylphenidate or non-medication careful followeng of weight and flaget in children ages 7 to 10 years who were randomized to either methylphenidate or non-medication and the strumation structure to the structure ages 7 to 10 years who were randomized to either methylphenidate or non-medication and the structure agence and the structure agence and the structure agence and the structure as the structure agence and the structure agence agence agence and the structure agence agence agence agence and the structure agence ag

worsening of appressive behavior or hostility. Careful follow-up of weight and height in children ages 7 to 10 years who were randomized to either methylphenidate or non-medication trainment groups over 14 months, as well as in nationalistic subgroups of newly methylphenidate in rate of the set of the set

PRECAUTONS General: The least amount of Vyoanse feasible should be prescribed or dispensed at one time in order to minimize the possibility of overdisage. Vyoanse should be used with cattion in patients who use other sympathorimetic drugs. Text: Ampletamines have been reported to execute the motor and prioric ties and Tourette's symptomore. Therefore, clinical evaluation for ties: ampletamines have been reported to execute the motor and prioric ties and Tourette's symptomer. Therefore, clinical evaluation for ties and fourthes: the patient should herefore be cautoted accordingly. Prescribers on the hereit protectionals should therefore be cautoted accordingly. Prescribers on the hereit protectionals should therefore be cautoted accordingly. Prescribers on the hereit protectionals should therefore be cautoted accordingly. Prescribers on the hereit protectionals should therefore be cautoted accordingly. Prescribers on the hereit protectionals should therefore be cautoted accordingly. Prescribers on the hereit protectionals should therefore be cautoted accordingly. Prescribers on the hereit protectionals should therefore be cautoted accordingly. Prescribers on the hereit protectionals should therefore be cautoted accordingly. Prescribers on the hereit protectionals should therefore be prescribered at the cancely set addition to the state of the state of the device the prescriber on the time and the state of the state of the device the prescriber on the time and the device the prescriber on the time and the device the prescriber on the time and the device the device the prescriber on the time and the device the prescriber on the device thereit the device the device ther

obtain answers to any quasitions they may have. The complete text of the Medication Guide is reprinted at the end of this document. Umany activitying spents — These agents (ammonium chindre, sodium acid phosphate, etc.) Increase the concentration of the ionized species of the ampletamen medicul, hereby increasing unitary exercition. Dotti groups of agents in the main set and efficacy of ampletaments. Another and the medication medication is the ampletaments. Another and the set of the medication of the solid phosphate, etc.) Increase the concentration of the ionized species of the ampletamen medicul, hereby increasing unitary exercition. Dotti groups of agents ampletaments. Another and the set of the set of the solid phosphate is the solid phosphate and the solid phosphate another and the set of the set of the solid phosphate is a solid phosphate and the solid phosphate another and the set of the ampletaments may enhance the activity of thryclic antidepressants or sympathomized agents; d-ampletaments unit designatines or protrippline and phosphate phosphate and the solid phosphate and the solid phosphate and the solid phosphate and the solid anotheration in the brain; activity the effect of the release of nacepteneshine and other is denied maintening in the solid phosphate and the solid phosphate is and malignant hyperpreviat can court, sometimes with that results. Anotherationes – Ampletamines may countract the solid view effect of antihistamines. Anotherationes – Ampletamines may countract the solid view effect of antihistamines. Anotherationes and can be used to treat ampletamine poisoning. Phosphate – Ampletamines and solid view diversion of the solid view of a ampletamines. *Halogentical* – halogend to blocks dopamine and normalismide. *Halogentical* – halogend to blocks dopamine and normalismide. *Halogentical* – halogend to blocks dopamine and threat isolitation effect of ampletamines. *Halogentical* – halogend to block sopamine texto and ampletamine anotheration andia the solid andi

Methenamine therapy — Urhany excetion of ampletamines is increased, and efficacy is reduced by acidifying agents used in metheramine therapy, *Merophanitra* — Ampletamines may delay intestinal ascorption of phenobarbital, co-administration of phenobarbital may produce a symprojicic anticonucleant acidon. *Phenobarbita*—Ampletamines may delay intestinal absorption of phenobarbital, co-administration of phenytoin may produce a symprojicic anticonucleant acidon.

Provide Antipertainting and international assorption of premyonic recommission of premyonic may produce a synthysic Propagation — in the case of propagation controls and assorption of premyonic recommission of premyonic may produce a synthysic Propagation — in the case of the c

Amphenime (d to I enantiomer ratio of 3.1) did not adversely affect fertility or early enotypoint development in the rat at doses of up to 20 mg/cg/cg. Pregnancy: Pregnancy: Category C. Reproduction studies of ladexamidetamine have not been performed. Ampheniamie (d) I enantioner ratio of 3.1) that no apparent effects on enotypoint diversity of the enotypoint of the e

Usage in Nursing Mothers: Amphetamines are excited in human mik. Mothers Baing amphetamines should be advised to refrain from mixing. Level Approximate in indicated for use in children and do to 12 year: A study was conducted in which jurnel rats motives of ad does of 4, 10, or 40 mg/kg/day of lisdeamfetamine from day 7 to day 63 of age. These does are approximately 0.3, 0.7, and 31 immes the maximum recommended human halfy does of 70 mg on a mg/m basis. Does related decreases in flood consumption. Bodyweight gain, and crown-rump length were seen; after a hour week drug-free records in males. Time to vagnal opening was obliged in ternales at the highest does, but there were no drug effects on flettily when the animals were meted bighting on day big 64 age. monitor to a start of a second discounted and the other second in flettile start and the maximum recommended huma-back addy does and 20 mg. In a study in which jurnel discountedman to 50 monthe basing of 10 weeks ang decreased bodyweight gain was seen in a study in which jurnel discountedman to 50 monthe basing of 10 weeks ang decreased bodyweight gain was seen might basis. The effect paraidy or this wereed during a to week drug-free recovery period. Use in children under Six Years of Age: Laboarriteamine dimensities has not been studied in 3-5 year olds. Long-term effects of Generative base; This and the ender the week stabilistics. AVERSE EVENTS

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vanse or placebo are prese e prescriber should be awa dical practice where patient quencies cannot be comp restigators. The cited figures g and non-drug factors to e following adverse events th tominal pain, decreased app Table 1. Advecte Erond	nted in the table below. are that these figures can it characteristics and other vared with figures obtaine s, however, do provide the the adverse event incidenc had occurred in at least 5% o leftie, dizziness, dry mouth.	not be used to factors differ to d from other prescribing pl per rate in the p of the Vyvanse j irritability, inso	o predict the from those w clinical inve hysician with opulation stu patients and a rooms nauses	incidence of adverse events in the course of usu hich prevailed in the clinical trials. Similarly, the cit stigations involving different treatments, uses, an some basis for estimating the relative contribution died.
Taking V	is Reported by 2% or Mon yvanse in a 4 Week Clinic	e of Pediatric cal Trial	Patients	<ul> <li>vomiting, and decreased weight.</li> <li>The following additional adverse reactions haben associated with the use of amphetamine (d to lenantiomer ratio of 3:1).</li> </ul>
Body System	Preferred Term	Vyvanse (n=218)	Placebo (n=72)	Vyvanse: Cardiovascular: Palpitations, tachycardia, elevati
Gastrointestinal Disorders	Abdominal Pain Upper Dry Mouth Nausea Vomiting	12% 5% 6% 9%	6% 0% 3% 4%	infarction, There have been isolated reports cardiomyopathy associated with chror amphetamine use. Central Nervous System: Psychotic enisodes
General Disorder and Administration				recommended doses, overstimulation, restles ness, dizziness, euphoria, dyskinesia, dysphor
Site Conditions	Pyrexia	2%	1%	depression, tremor, headache, exacerbation motor and phonic tics and Tourette's syndron
investigations	Weight Decreased	9%	1%_	seizures, stroke.
Metabolism and Nutrition	Decreased Appetite	39%	4%	Gastrointestinal: Dryness of the mout
Nervous System Disorders	Dizziness Headache Somnolence	5% 12% 2%	0% 10% 1%	unpleasant taste, diarrhea, constipation. Allergic: Urticaria, hypersensitivity reaction including angloedema and anaphylaxis. Serio
Psychiatric Disorders	Affect lability Initial Insomnia Insomnia	3% 4% 19%	0% 0% 3%	Skin rästles, including Stevens Johnson Syndrom and toxic epidermal necrolysis have been reporte Endocrine: Impotence, changes in libido.

Tissue Disorders Rash Note: This table only includes those events for which the incidence in patients taking placebo.

substance. Amphetamines have been extensively abused. To loterance, extreme psychological dependence, and severs social disability have occurred. There are pents of patients who have increased the dosage application of the several social several social several social of chronic intoxization with amphetamines may include changes. The most severe manifestation of chronic to levels many lines higher than recommended. Abrupt cessation following prolong and mental digression; changes are also noted on the sleep EG. Manifestations severe demandsces, marked insomali, initiality, hyperautivity, and personality intoxication is psycholis, other clinically indistinguishable from schzophrenia. *Human Studies* 

Automation is populated, user unicary indistinguishable from schlopphrenia. Nicharan Studie in a human abuse lability study, when equivalent oral doess of 100 mg lisdexamitetamine dimesylate and 40 mg immediate release campitetamine studies were administered to individuals with a history of drug abuse, lisdexamitetamine 100 mg conduced subjective responses on a scale of "Drug Liking Effects" "Ampitetamine Effects", and "Stimulan Effects" that were sprilicantly liess than campitetamine immediate release of Drug Liking Effects" "Ampitetamine Effects", and "Stimulan Effects" that were sprilicantly liess than completamine immediate release of Drug Liking Effects", and administration of 150 mg lisdexamitetamine grouped metaeses in positive subjective responses on these scales that were statistically indistinguishable from the positive subjective responses produced by 40 mg or call immediate release of ampitetamine and 200 mg of detriperoping (-Effects", and "Binnyadine Effects") that were gradient by a buse produced positive subjective responses on tasse measuring "Drug Liking". Effects", "Ampitetamine Effects", and "Binnyadine Effects" that were gradient that placebo turi lies than these produced by an equivalent dose (20 mg) of intravenous d-simpletamine.

Animal Studies In animal studies, listexamfetamine produced behavioral effects qualitatively similar to those of the CNS stimulant d-amphetamine. In monkeys trained to self-administer oocane, ntravenous listexamfetamine maintained self-administration at a rate that was statistically lises than that for occane, but greater than thar of paceboo.

OVERDOSAGE

OVERDOBAGE Individual response to amphetamines varies widely. Toxic symptoms may occur idiosyncratically al low doses. Symptoms: Manifestations of acute overdosage with amphetamines include restlessness, tremor, hyperrollexia, rapid respiration, ordinasion, assaultivests, Talilaciantis pand, states, hepertyreak and indiomydykis. Falles and depression usually follow the distribution of the state of the distribution of the state of the distribution of the state of the distribution of the state of the

Bastrointestinal symbolms include mauses, voinnung, usines, and sevenines were added addied. Management of acute amphetamines indicatants is arguely symbolmatic and includes pastric levage, administration of activated characal, administration of a calibratic and sedation. Experience with hemotalaysis or performed dayles is inadequate to permit recommendation in this regard. Acdification of the sedation. Experience with hemotalaysis or performed dayles is inadequate to permit recommendation in this regard. Acdification of the hypertension compositionation and performance overcoage, administration of anticelet of the protein and one in the load structure and the set of the amphetamine interview. Undergrad administration of the set of amphetamines and and busited to trat amphetamine interviewations then an appendix in the prolonged release of Nyanase in the body should be considered when trating patients with overclose.

Manufactured for: New River Pharmaceuticals Inc., Blacksburg, VA 24060. Made in USA Distributed by: Shire US Inc., Wayne, PA 19087 For more information call 1-800-828-2088, or visit www.Vyvanse.com

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### **IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION**

Vyvanse should not be taken by patients who have advanced arteriosclerosis; symptomatic cardiovascular disease; moderate to severe hypertension; hyperthyroidism; known hypersensitivity or idiosyncrasy to sympathomimetic amines; agitated states; glaucoma; a history of drug abuse; or during or within 14 days after treatment with monoamine oxidase inhibitors (MAOIs).

Sudden death has been reported in association with CNS stimulant treatment at usual doses in children and adolescents with structural cardiac abnormalities or other serious heart problems. Sudden deaths, stroke, and myocardial infarction have been reported in adults taking stimulant drugs at usual doses in ADHD. Physicians should take a careful patient history, including family history, and physical exam, to assess the presence of cardiac disease. Patients who report symptoms of cardiac disease such as exertional chest pain and unexplained syncope should be promptly evaluated. Use with caution in patients whose underlying medical condition might be affected by increases in blood pressure or heart rate.

New psychosis, mania, aggression, growth suppression, and visual disturbances have been associated with the use of stimulants. Use with caution in patients with a history of psychosis, seizures or EEG abnormalities, bipolar disorder, or depression. Growth monitoring is advised during prolonged treatment.

Amphetamines have a high potential for abuse. Administration of amphetamines for prolonged periods of time may lead to drug dependence. Particular attention should be paid to the possibility of subjects obtaining amphetamines for non-therapeutic uses or distribution to others and the drugs should be prescribed or dispensed sparingly. Misuse of amphetamine may cause sudden death and serious cardiovascular adverse events.

The most common adverse events reported in clinical studies of Vyvanse were loss of appetite, insomnia, abdominal pain, and irritability.

### Please see Brief Summary of Prescribing Information, including Boxed Warning, on adjacent page.

Reference: 1. Biederman J, Krishnan S, Zhang Y, et al. Efficacy and tolerability of lisdexamfetamine dimesylate (NRP-104) in children with attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder: a phase III, multicenter, randomized, double-blind, forced-dose, parallel-group study. *Clin Ther.* 2007;29:450-463.

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Volume 12

# CNS SPECTRUMS

The International Journal of Neuropsychiatric Medicine

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Still depressed?



# It may be time to make a change

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### IMPORTANT TREATMENT CONSIDERATIONS

### Suicidality and Antidepressant Drugs

Antidepressants increased the risk compared to placebo of suicidal thinking and behavior (suicidality) in children, adolescents, and young adults in short-term studies of Major Depressive Disorder (MDD) and other psychiatric disorders. Patients of all ages who are started on antidepressant therapy should be monitored appropriately and observed closely for clinical worsening, suicidality, or unusual changes in behavior. Families and caregivers should be advised of the need for close observation and communication with the prescriber. EFFEXOR XR is not approved for use in pediatric patients.

- EFFEXOR XR is contraindicated in patients taking monoamine oxidase inhibitors (MAOIs).
- Adult and pediatric patients taking antidepressants can experience worsening of their depression and/or the emergence of suicidality. All patients should be monitored appropriately and observed closely for clinical worsening and suicidality, especially at the beginning of drug therapy, or at the time of increases or decreases in dose. Anxiety, agitation, panic attacks, insomnia, irritability, hostility, aggressiveness, impulsivity, akathisia, hypomania, and mania have been reported and may represent precursors to emerging suicidality. Stopping or modifying therapy should be considered especially when symptoms are severe, abrupt in onset, or not part of presenting symptoms.

 The development of potentially life-threatening serotonin syndrome may occur when EFFEXOR XR is coadministered with other drugs that may affect the serotonergic neurotransmitter systems. Concomitant use of EFFEXOR XR with MAOIs is contraindicated. If concomitant use of EFFEXOR XR with an SSRI, SNRI, or a triptan is clinically warranted, careful observation of the patient is advised. Concomitant use of EFFEXOR XR with tryptophan supplements is not recommended.

\* Patients currently on an SSRI should be evaluated following an adequate trial.

- Treatment with venlafaxine is associated with sustained increases in blood pressure (BP) in some patients. Postmarketing cases of elevated BP requiring immediate treatment have been reported. Pre-existing hypertension should be controlled. Regular BP monitoring is recommended.
- Mydriasis has been reported in association with venlafaxine; therefore, patients with raised intraocular pressure or those at risk of acute narrowangle glaucoma (angle-closure glaucoma) should be monitored.
- Abrupt discontinuation or dose reduction has been associated with discontinuation symptoms. Patients should be counseled on possible discontinuation symptoms and monitored while discontinuing the drug; the dose should be tapered gradually.



The change they deserve.

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### VENLAFAXINE HCI EFFEXOR XR' MEN

BRIEF SUMMARY. See package insert for full prescribing information.

Suicidality and Antidepressant Drugs

Suicidality and Antidepressant Drugs Antidepressants increased the risk compared to placebo of suicidal thinking and behavior (suicidality) in childran, adolescents, and young adults in short-term studies of Major Depressive Disorder (MDD) and other psychiatric disorders. Anyone considering the use of EFFEXOR XR or any other suidepressant in a child, adolescent, or young adult must balance this risk with the clinical need. Short-term studies did not show an increase in the risk of suicidality with antidepressants compared to placebo in adults beyond age 24; there was a reduction in risk with antidepressants compared placebo in adults adolescent, acc. Depression and certain other psychiatric disorders are themselves associated with increases in the risk of suicida. Patients of all ages who are started on antidepressant therapy should be monitored appropriately and observed closely for clinical worsening, suicidality, or unusual changes in behavior. Families and caregivers should be advised of the need for close observation and communication with the prescriber. EFFEXOR XR is not approved for use in pedietric patients. (See WARNINGS: Clinical Worsening and Suicide Risk, PRECAUTIONS: Information for Patients, and PRECAUTIONS: Pediatric Use.)

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6-17 grew an average of 0.3 cm (h=122, while picedo patients grew an average of 1.0 cm (h=132; A=0.41). The dimension in larger is non-constant in the piced is a strain of the dimension of t

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# Dialogues

is a unique patient support and education program that is designed to help you foster successful therapy

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offers patients access to a call center to speak with a health care provider for patient support and education to reinforce your efforts

# Diglogues

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Encourage your EFFEXOR XR patients to enroll in Dialogues by calling 866-313-3737 — and you can visit mddpatientsupport.com

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The change they deserve.

Please see brief summary of Prescribing Information on adjacent pages.

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## CME QUIZ

557 The quiz is CME-accredited by the MountSinaiSchool of Medicine for 3.0 credit hours.

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CNS Spectrums' editorial mission is to address relevant neuropsychiatric topics, including the prevalence of comorbid diseases among patients, and original research and reports that emphasize the profound diagnostic and physiologic connections made within the neurologic and psychiatric fields. The journal's goal is to serve as a resource to psychiatrists and neurologists seeking to understand and treat disturbances of cognition, emotion, and behavior as a direct consequence of central nervous system disease, illness, or trauma. This month's issue of CNS Spectrums, as well as a host of educational resources, enduring materials, and archived issues, is available at **www.cnsspectrums.com**.

# FIGHT BECAUSE THE STAKES ARE LA GOD

devastating effects of bipolar disorder can impact my patients' lives-and the damage that each episode can cause.

Families torn apart. Careers ravaged. Relationships destroyed.

The stakes are high.

As a doctor, I fight every day to make sure that bipolar disorder will not win out.

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