This conception of old drainage systems running parallel to the contours of the mainland, in Cumberland, Haddingtonshire, S.E. Ireland, Denbighshire, Flintshire, etc., when coupled with the warping movements necessary to explain the steep fall of the channels, sets the mind, no less than the land, awhirl.

BERNARD SMITH.

## THE GEOLOGICAL AGE OF THE CARRARA MARBLES.

SIR,—Permit me to comment briefly on Dr. Du Riche Preller's paper on the Carrara Marble District. It contains a quantity of interesting information, topographic and economic, but does little, in my opinion, to settle the question as to the age of those rocks or strengthen the position of the Italian geologists. I had their map with me in the autumn of 1889, and in regard to faults (which Dr. Preller considers to be almost negligible) wrote thus in my diary: "In order to accept the geological succession they have indicated, we must explain the proximity of ordinary dark mechanically disturbed limestone (just like some of that at Spezzia) with lighter varieties to perfectly typical Carrara marble." I was aware that the statuary marble is intercalated with marbles of inferior quality, but instead of finding any sign that the metamorphism was a result of pressure, maintain that, as shown by the microscope, that marble has escaped (as I stated) from the crushing which has affected its associates. As to 'metamorphism' and its effect on sedimentary rocks, I have been doing my best to study the whole question since about 1875, have spent much time and money in examining alleged passages from crystalline schists to comparatively unaltered sediments or intercalations of the two, with the invariable result that the evidence was never conclusive and very commonly worthless; in fact, I have not been able to discover any case (I have not restricted myself to the -Alps) where a truly crystalline limestone, such as that of Carrara, is in stratigraphical sequence with a sedimentary rock to which a date can be assigned on the evidence of fossils, except in the case of contact metamorphism, which, so far as I am aware, is not exhibited in the Apuan Alps. Dr. Preller's paper contains no evidence that he has made use of the microscope in studying these Carrara rocks, and as I know the vague use of the term 'schist' by many Continental and some British geologists I am unable to discuss his sections (Figs. I-IV) beyond saying that only one of them seems to demand an explanation, and this I think my past experience would enable me to supply. T. G. Bonney.

## RENÉ ZEILLER-MASTER PALÆOBOTANIST.

SIR,—In the current number of *Nature* there is a short tribute by Professor Seward to Professor Zeiller, whose death this week in Paris we all deplore. I should like to add a word in token of the deep and lasting affection and reverence the great Palæobotanist inspired in his younger colleagues in many countries.

<sup>1</sup> GEOL. MAG., December, 1915, pp. 554-65.