## JOURNAL POLICY

The Journal of Paleontology publishes original articles and notes on the systematics of fossil organisms and the implications of systematics to all aspects of paleobiology and stratigraphic paleontology. It emphasizes specimen-based research and features high quality illustrations. Comments on articles and replies are considered for publication. Manuscripts should be submitted to the office of the Managing Editors, which handles the review process. The Technical Editors work with authors to produce final copy, and they return manuscripts to the Managing Editors for final processing. Manuscripts submitted elsewhere should not be submitted to the Journal.

Contributors should read the "Preparation of Manuscripts," below; more detailed "Instructions for Authors" were published in the November, 1998 issue (72:1087–1092). Manuscripts not adhering to format will be returned to authors for correction before entering the editorial process. Cost of *Journal* publication is taken entirely from membership dues in The Paleontological Society and voluntary page contributions. By action of the Council of the Society (*Journal of Paleontology*, 1985, 59:789), all publication costs for members will be covered by membership funds, although members are asked for voluntary contributions to defray costs. At least one author of a manuscript must be a member; nonmembers are required to pay full page costs. Editors use their judgement in setting aside the membership rule for individuals who can neither join the Society nor pay page charges. For new members (i.e., Society membership up to three months), the Society will provide eight published pages, but requires full page costs for papers in excess of eight pages in length. Authors are charged for changes they make in proof and for their original mistakes that must be corrected in proof. A limit of 25 published pages is placed on all papers within the *Journal*; limited excess pages might be accepted but their cost will be charged to the author. Longer manuscripts must be submitted to the memoir series; all publication costs for memoirs must be paid by authors.

# PREPARATION OF MANUSCRIPTS GENERAL

Important references for format preparation are: 1) The Journal of Paleontology Instructions for Authors (Volume 72, pages 1087–1092); 2) Suggestions to Authors of the Reports of the United States Geological Survey (seventh edition) 1991; and 3) The Chicago Manual of Style (fourteenth edition) 1993. Where there is conflict, current Journal style prevails; any recent issue provides a useful guide, but note changes with the 72:1087–1092 "Instructions for Authors."

All copy must be submitted on either  $21.5 \times 28.0$  cm ( $8\% \times 11$  in.) or A4 standard-weight paper. Submit three copies. Manuscripts must be laser printed or letter-quality typed; dot-matrix printing is not acceptable. Avoid small font sizes; 12-point Times or 10-point Helvetica are appropriate. Double-space throughout, including references and table and figure descriptions; provide ample margins. Submitted copies need not include original illustrations, but they should be of very high quality; originals may be requested if submitted figures are not of adequate quality. Use metric measurements. A 7.5-10.0 cm heading is left on the first page above the title. First-page format should follow published examples.

#### **TEXT**

ABSTRACT—An abstract of 250 or fewer words is required for articles; abstracts do not accompany notes or other comments. The heading for the abstract is not indented; it is capitalized throughout, and it is followed by two hyphens but no period.

Headings.—Two grades of headings are almost always sufficient. Primary headings are centered and typed in all capital letters. Secondary headings are indented, underlined, and followed by a period and two hyphens. The first two words of the introduction are capitalized and abut the left margin. Do not end manuscript lines with hyphens.

Systematics.—Format for arrangement of systematic paleontology can be found in current issues of the *Journal*. All descriptions of new taxa must be accompanied by a diagnosis, an indication of type specimens and repository, stratigraphic and geographic data, and specific reference to illustrations of the taxon. Particularly note the format, punctuation, and capitalization conventions used in the synonymy.

# **REFERENCES**

Particular care should be given to reference format. The "Instructions for Authors" provides many examples.

## **ILLUSTRATIONS**

Figures.—All illustrations, including maps, geologic sections, and halftone illustrations, must be numbered in the sequence of their first appearance in the text. "Figure" is used rather than "Plate," and therefore line drawing and photographic figures are numbered in sequence. All illustrations, including review copies, must be submitted at publication size. These sizes are: full page, 18.3 × 23.3 cm; double-column, 18.3 cm; single column, 9.0 cm. Halftone illustrations must be original photographs mounted on black or white cardboard. Photographic subjects must be illuminated from the upper left, or evenly illuminated. A photograph of a montage is not acceptable. Each illustration must be identified by a numeral, but typewritten numbering is not acceptable. Presson lettering is acceptable, but it readily breaks from the original and therefore much care must be used. Line drawings may be either an original or a glossy print mounted on white cardboard. Allow 1.5 cm at top of figure for a printer's label. Color photocopies of photographs provide superior reproduction and should be used for review.

# JOURNAL OF PALEONTOLOGY

VOLUME 74 ■ NUMBER 2 ■ MARCH 2000 ■ ISSN 0022-3360

#### 189 R. D. Hoare and Nora Sabattini

Lower Permian Polyplacophora (Mollusca) from Argentina

#### 192 R. A. Hanger, R. D. Hoare, and E. E. Strong

Permian Polyplacophora, Rostroconchia, and Problematica from Oregon

#### 199 James H. Stitt and Patrick J. Perfetta

Trilobites, biostratigraphy, and lithostratigraphy of the *Crepicephalus* and *Aphelaspis* zones, lower Deadwood Formation (Mariuman and Steptoean stages, Upper Cambrian), Black Hills, South Dakota

#### 224 Dale Tshudy and Ulf Sorhannus

Jagtia kunradensis, a new genus and species of clawed lobster (Decapoda: Nephropidae) from the Upper Cretaceous (Upper Maastrichtian) Maastricht Formation, The Netherlands

## 230 Carrie E. Schweitzer and Rodney M. Feldmann

New species of calappid crabs from western North America and reconsideration of the Calappidae sensulato

# 247 Harold H. Beaver, Alexander J. Fabian, and Mark Palatas

Summit structures in Mississippian blastoids

#### 254 Ronald L. Parsley

Morphological and paleoecological analysis of the Ordovician ankyroid *Lagynocystis* (Stylophora: Echinodermata)

#### 263 Rich Mooi, Sergio Martínez, and Sara G. Parma

Phylogenetic systematics of Tertiary monophorasterid sand dollars (Clypeasteroida: Echinoidea) from South America

#### 282 Chen Xu, Ni Yu-nan, Charles E. Mitchell, Qiao Xin-dong, and Zhan Shi-gao

Graptolites from the Qilang and Yingan formations (Caradoc, Ordovician) of Kalpin, western Tarim, Xinjiang, China

#### 301 Edward B. Daeschler

Early tetrapod jaws from the Late Devonian of Pennsylvania, USA

#### 309 Robert B. Holmes and Hans-Dieter Sues

A partial skeleton of the basal mosasaur *Halisaurus platyspondylus* from the Severn Formation (Upper Cretaceous: Maastrichtian) of Maryland

#### 317 B. N. Cooke

Cranial remains of a new species of balbarine kangaroo (Marsupialia: Macropodoidea) from the Oligo-Miocene freshwater limestone deposits of Riversleigh World Heritage Area, northern Australia

#### 327 Kirsten Crosby and Michael Archer

Durudawirines, a new group of phalangeroid marsupials from the Miocene of Riversleigh, northwestern Queensland

# 336 Pablo Pelaez-Campomanes

Mammalian faunas from the Paleogene of the Sierra Palomera (Teruel, Spain)

# 349 James W. Hagadorn and Ben Waggoner

Ediacaran fossils from the southwestern Great Basin, United States

### PALEONTOLOGICAL NOTES

# 360 James H. Stitt

Additional information on lowest Ordovician trilobites from the uppermost Deadwood Formation, Black Hills and Bear Lodge Mountains, South Dakota and Wyoming

# 363 Francisco Sour-Tovar, Sara A. Quiroz-Barroso, and Shelton P. Applegate

Presence of *Helicoprion* (Chondrichthyes, Elasmobranchii) in the Permian Patlanoaya Formation, Puebla, Mexico

#### MEMORIAL

367 James H. Stitt