Announcements

THE LIBRARY COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA Program in Early American Economy and Society 1999 Prizes. The Program in Early American Economy and society at the Library Company of Philadelphia is pleased to announce two awards to recognize the best book and journal article published in 1999 relating to an aspect of early American economic history, broadly defined, up to about 1850. The awards committee welcomes submissions in such fields as the history of finance, business, commerce, agriculture, manufacturing, technology, and economic policy-making. The author of the winning book will receive a cash award of \$2,500 and will present his or her work during an awards ceremony. The author of the winning article will receive \$1,000. Nominations for the award should be made by someone other than the author; complete entries consist of three copies of the work and a nominating letter explaining the work's importance to the field of early American economic history.

Submission deadline is March 15, 2000. Please send nominations and entries to: PEAES, Library Company of Philadelphia, 1314 Locust Street, Philadelphia, PA 19107. Questions may be directed to Cathy Matson, Director of the Program, at economics@librarycompany.org. For Information about the Program in Early American Economy and society, please consult the Library company's web page, www.librarycompany.org.

THE JAMES J. HILL LIBRARY will award a number of grants of up to \$2,000 to support research in the James J. Hill, Louis W. Hill, and Reed/Hyde papers. The James J. Hill Papers (1856–1916) are an extensive and rich source for studies of transportation, politics, finance, Native American relations, art collecting, philanthropy, urbanization, immigration, and economic development in the Upper Midwest, Pacific Northwest, and Western Canada. The Louis W. Hill Papers (1806–1040) here a to include the term will be his inclusion.

cific Northwest, and Western Canada. The Louis W. Hill Papers (1886–1948) document similar subjects, as well as his involvement in the development of Minnesota's iron mining industry and the development of Glacier National park and the related tourist industry. Additionally, they detail social and cultural activities from the Gilded Age through World War II. The Reed/Hyde Papers (1853–1960) document the business activities, family, and social lives of four generations, beginning with Samuel Reed, a civil engineer who was best known for his

work during construction of the Union Pacific Railroad in the 1860s. Subsequent activities included farming, flour milling, and mining, as well as important service in the Red Cross in Europe during World War I.

The deadline for applications is November 1, 2000. For more information contact W. Thomas White, Curator, James J. Hill Library, 80 West Fourth Street, St. Paul, MN 55102. Telephone: 651.265.5441. Email: twhite@jjhill.org.

THE HAGLEY MUSEUM AND LIBRARY announces the publication of a new guide to its research collections: "The Seagram Company Ltd. And Bronfman Family." This free brochure describes the Seagram archive recently opened for research at the Hagley. Previously published brochures on Hagley's research collections include: "Consumer Culture: Advertising, Design & Public Relations," "American Women's History," "Business and the State," and "Industrial and Commercial Architecture." Complimentary copies of any of these brochures may be obtained by contacting the Center for the History of Business, Technology, and Society, Hagely Museum and Library, P.O. Box 2620, Wilmington, DE 19807, (320) 658-2400, or email crl@udel.edu.

THE BUSINESS HISTORY CONFERENCE awarded the following prizes at its recent annual meeting in Palo Alto, California:

Kenneth Lipartito (Florida International University) received the 2000 Harold F. Williamson award. This prize is awarded every three years to a scholar/teacher in mid-career who has made significant contributions to the field of business history.

Marina Moskowitz (University of Glasgow) received the Herman E. Krooss Prize for best dissertation in business history for her doctoral thesis, "Standard Bearers: Material Culture and Middle-Class Communities at the Turn of the Century" (Yale University, 1999).

The 1999 Newcomen Article Prize went to Kevin S. Reilly (University of Massachusetts-Amherst) for "Dilettantes at the Gate: *Fortune Magazine* and the Cultural Politics of Business Journalism in the 1930s," *Business and Economic History* 28:2 (Winter 1999): 213–22.