FOSSILS IN THE OLENELLUS SANDSTONE OF NUNEATON.

Sir,—The publication of the May number of the Quarterly Journal of the Geological Society has reminded me of a correction which I ought to have made before, and for which I am alon responsible. On page vi, in the first paragraph, in speaking o fossils collected by Professor Lapworth from the Olenellus Sand stone of Nuneaton, I give a list of determinations which wer merely approximate, without any warning to that effect. I hav since learned that these determinations were not intended to be final and therefore I ought to have inserted the letters cf. before the six specific titles given in that paragraph.

W. W. Watts.

CORNDON, WORCESTER ROAD, SUTTON, SURREY. June 10th, 1896.

MISCELLANEOUS.

RECENT ADDITIONS TO THE GEOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT OF TH BRITISH MUSEUM (NATURAL HISTORY), CROMWELL ROAD.

- 1. There has just been added to this gallery a very fine collectio of flint implements, also numerous flint flakes, showing various tages and processes in their manufacture, and found associate with remains of *Rhinoceros antiquitatis* at Crayford, in Kent. Presented by F. C. J. Spurrell, Esq., F.G.S.
- 2. A collection of fossils from Devon and Cornwall, part of the museum of the late William Pengelly, Esq., F.R.S., comprisin mammalian remains from Happaway Cave and Devonian Coral Brachiopods, Trilobites, Cephalopods, etc. Presented by Mr Pengelly, of Lamorna, Torquay.
- 3. Remains of some remarkable extinct birds from the older Tertiary deposits of Santa Cruz, Patagonia. Many of these are a gigantic size: the lower jaw of one of the largest (Phororhac longissimus) measured about twenty inches in length; the who skull must have been fully two feet in length. The comple skull and mandible of a somewhat smaller form (Phororhacos i flatus) show the remarkable characters of the beak, which is hooke like that of a bird of prey, but at the same time is very deep ar compressed. Acquired from Prof. Ameghino, of La Plata.
- 4. Some extremely well-preserved parts of skeletons of Plesi saurs from the Oxford Clay of Peterborough have been mounted one of the wall-cases. Part of the Leeds Collection.
- 5. Some remarkable reptiles, Cynognathus and Gomphognathu from the Trias of South Africa, in which the teeth and sky had a superficial resemblance to those of carnivorous mammal Presented by Professor H. G. Seeley, F.R.S., F.G.S.
- 6. A very rich collection of mammalian and reptilian remaifrom the Miocene Tertiary deposits of the "Bad-lands" of Dakot North America, comprising many genera, such as *Titanotheriu Mesohippus*, *Oreodon*, *Poëbrotherium*, *Hoplophoneus*, etc. Acquir from Prof. W. B. Scott, F.G.S., of Princeton, New Jersey, U.S.A.