#### NOTE

Full Directions to Contributors, of which this is a summary, appear in the first (February) issue of each volume.

#### GENERAL

The Journal of Dairy Research publishes reports on all aspects of dairy science from any country. Material for publication should be sent to the Editor: Dr B. A. Rolls, Institute of Food Research, Earley Gate, Whiteknights Road, Reading RG6 2EF, UK. Receipt of all material will be acknowledged. Submission of a paper will be taken to imply that it reports original unpublished work, that it is not under consideration elsewhere, and that if accepted by the Journal it will not be published elsewhere in any language without the consent of the Editors. Authors of accepted articles will be asked to assign their copyright, under certain conditions, to the Journal.

#### FORM OF PAPERS

Papers should be written in English using the spelling of the *Concise Oxford Dictionary* and should as far as possible be comprehensible to the non-specialist reader. They should be concise, but without omitting necessary material, and contain sufficient detail to allow repetition of the work.

Papers should be typed with wide margins on one side of A4 or quarto paper, double spaced throughout, *including References, Figure legends and Table headings and footnotes.* Submit a top copy and two good copies packed flat. A single copy will be accepted from outside Europe.

Authors should consult a recent issue of the *Journal of Dairy Research* to familiarize themselves with Journal conventions and layout. Attention to these and other details will speed publication.

#### LAYOUT OF PAPERS

The paper should generally be divided as follows. (a) Cover sheet with the title of the article, names of the authors each with one forename, together with their affiliations, a shortened version of the title suitable as a heading, and the name and address for correspondence. (b) A brief Summary, should encapsulate the whole paper, showing clearly the new knowledge acquired. (c) The introduction, without heading, should not contain a full literature review, but should indicate why the subject of enquiry is interesting or important, and why the authors have chosen the approach described. (d) The Experimental or Materials and Methods section should contain adequate descriptions of procedures or appropriate references; sources of all materials (including address, with post code) and sources or strains of animals, microorganisms and so on should be indicated. (e) Results should be as concise as possible, without repetition or inclusion of irrelevant material. Tables and illustrations should be used efficiently. (f) The Discussion should not repeat the results but discuss their significance. Acknowledgements are given in a separate paragraph without heading. It is the responsibility of the authors to ensure that individuals or organizations acknowledged as providing materials or otherwise are willing to be identified. (g) References. Note. For some types of paper, other divisions may be preferable.

#### REFERENCES

References should be given in the text as Brown & Jones (1987) or (Schmidt, 1985; Nakamura *et al.* 1989); the first author with *et al.* is used for papers with three or more

authors. Where necessary, papers are distinguished as Lenoir (1988*a*), (Litov *et al.* 1990*a*, *b*). When several references appear together in the text, cite them in chronological order, and alphabetically within years. The Reference list at the end of the paper, which should begin on a fresh page, is given in strict alphabetical order. Authors should refer to a recent issue for the format of references.

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Tables should be numbered and carry headings enabling them to be understood without reference to the text. Each Table should be typed on a separate sheet, but their approximate position in the text should be indicated. Symbols for footnotes should be in the order:  $\uparrow, \downarrow, \S, \parallel, \P$ ,  $\dagger\uparrow$ , etc. The use of \*, \*\*, etc, should be limited to indicating levels of significance.

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#### STATISTICAL TREATMENT

Individual results should not normally be given. The methods of statistical analysis should be clearly described; a suitable reference is adequate. Authors should make it clear whether they are quoting (e.g.) sD or SE. Any statement that two groups of values are different should be supported by the level of significance involved, as a single or range of P value: (P = 0.008) or (P < 0.01). Differences should not be claimed or implied if P > 0.05.

#### ETHICS OF EXPERIMENTS

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## Continued from back cover

Effects of UHT heating of milk in an experimental plant on several indicators of	
heat treatment	
M. M. HEWEDY, C. KIESNER, K. MEISSNER, J. HARTKOPF and H. F. ERBERSDOBLER	305-309
Effect of sodium dodecylsulphate on the binding of Lactococcus lactis subsp. lactis	
T-80 cells with Trp-P1	
T. TANABE, K. SUYUMA and A. HOSONO	311-315

# JOURNAL OF DAIRY RESEARCH

# Volume 61 Number 2 May 1994

## CONTENTS

Original articles	Pages
Milk accumulation and distribution in the bovine udder during the interval between milkings	
C. H. KNIGHT, D. HIRST and R. J. DEWHURST	167-177
Effect of the levels of N fertilizer, grass and supplementary feeds on nitrogen composition and renneting properties of milk from cows at pasture J. E. HERMANSEN, S. OSTERSEN and O. AAES	179–189
Triacylglycerol fatty acid composition of milk from periparturient cows during acute Escherichia coli mastitis	101 100
AM. MASSART-LEEN, C. BURVENICH and D. L. MASSART	191-199
agglomerates using the Malvern Particle Sizer 2600c X. D. CHEN and R. J. LLOYD	201-208
Modification of $\beta$ -lactoglobulin by aliphatic aldehydes in aqueous solution H. STAPELFELDT and L. H. SKIBSTED	209–219
Thermal gelation and denaturation of bovine $\beta$ -lactoglobulins A and B M. McSWINEY, H. SINGH, O. CAMPANELLA and L. K. CREAMER	221–232
Retinol determination in milk by HPLC and fluorescence detection s. K. JENSEN	233–240
Production of volatile compounds in model milk and cheese media by eight strains of <i>Geotrichum candidum</i> Link	241 240
N. JOLLIVET, J. CHATAUD, Y. VAYSSIER, M. BENSOUSSAN and JM. BELIN	241-248
Autolysis and proteolysis of different strains of starter bacteria during Cheddar cheese ripening M.G. WILKINSON, T.P. GUINEE, D.M. O'CALLAGHAN and P. F. FOX	249-262
Thermal inactivation of $\gamma$ -glutamyltranspeptidase and <i>Enterococcus faecium</i> in milk- based systems	
S. S. PATEL and R. A. WILBEY	263-270
Phagocytic activity of bovine polymorphonuclear neutrophil leucocytes A. ZECCONI, V. BRONZO, R. PICCININI. G. SPREAFICO and G. RUFFO	271–279
Changes in free fatty acids during the ripening of Idiazabal cheese: influence of brining time and smoking	201 200
A. I. NAJERA, L. J. R. BARRON and Y. BARCINA	281-288
Methods for the determination of aroma compounds in dairy products: a comparative study	
V. XANTHOPOULOS, D. PICQUE, N. BASSIT, CY. BOQUIEN and G. CORRIEU	289–297
Short communications	
Sensory and rheological properties of low-fat filled 'pasta filata' cheese E. PAGLIARINI and N. BEATRICE	299-304

Continued inside back cover

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