


EDITORIAL

From the Editor

Mona Lena Krook 

Department of Political Science, Rutgers University, New Brunswick, NJ, USA
Email: m.l.krook@rutgers.edu

(Received 24 February 2025; accepted 25 February 2025)

Since its launch in 2005, *Politics & Gender* has been a leading outlet for research on women, gender, and politics in both the United States and globally. This special issue marks the journal's 20th anniversary with a collection of essays dedicated to *Politics & Gender* and its impact on political science. In a public call for papers circulated last year, the editors solicited submissions on questions like: How has *Politics & Gender* shaped and contributed to debates in the discipline, informing knowledge on certain topics or setting new research agendas? How has research on women, gender, and politics evolved over the last 20 years, as viewed through the lens of publications and topics appearing in *Politics & Gender*? What role has *Politics & Gender* played in your career, for example, in terms of inspiring lines of research, finding collaborators, or gaining a profile in the field? What are new topics and approaches that should be taken up in *Politics & Gender* in the coming years?

Scholars who responded to this call include scholars from a variety of institutions at all stages of their careers, from graduate students to junior researchers to distinguished senior academics. Reading and editing the contributions has offered me a privileged view into what *Politics & Gender* has meant to others and to the discipline as a whole. It has also given me an opportunity to reflect on the impact of the journal, both personally and professionally, on my own career. I was a graduate student attending my first ever American Political Science Association (APSA) meeting in 2003 when I first learned about the journal. That year, the APSA Women and Politics Section (now the Women, Gender, and Politics Section) decided to launch *Politics & Gender* as its official journal, after many years of being informally associated with *Women & Politics* (now the *Journal of Women, Politics & Policy*, or *JWPP*).

One of my most vivid memories from the 2003 section business meeting was Pippa Norris explaining why the journal would be named *Politics & Gender* and not *Gender & Politics*. This was because the committee wanted to highlight that the journal's aim was to bring gender into political science, rather than political science into gender studies (see also Baldez and Beckwith 2025). This linguistic

ordering has filtered into other spaces, as seen in the name of the European Conference on Politics and Gender and its journal, the *European Journal of Politics and Gender* (EJPG). Over the last two decades, it has been exciting to witness the growth of the research community as the number of journals devoted to these topics has expanded from two, *Women & Politics* (started in 1980) and the *International Feminist Journal of Politics* (IFJP), to five currently: *Politics & Gender*, alongside IFJP (1999–), JWPP (2005–), *Politics, Groups, and Identities* (2013–), and EJPG (2018–).

Politics & Gender has subsequently played a central role in my career over the last twenty years. I have served on the editorial board (2007–10), as an associate editor (2010–13), and as lead editor (2022–25). I have written pieces in all formats, including research articles (Celis et al. 2014; Krook 2006b), Critical Perspectives essays (Childs and Krook 2006; Driscoll and Krook 2009; Franceschet, Krook, and Wolbrecht 2023; Krook 2006a; Krook 2011; Krook 2018; Krook and Messing-Mathie 2013), book reviews (Krook 2007), and Notes from the Field (Krook 2023; Pepera and Krook 2023). I am deeply grateful that the journal gave me a place to publish some of my earliest work on gender quotas, women's substantive representation, and violence against women in politics. But, like Farida Jalalzai (2025), I also view *Politics & Gender* as “more than a journal.” It has helped me find, as well as cultivate, a broader scholarly community. My favorite part has been contributing to the various Critical Perspectives sections, where authors come together to highlight and forge new research directions — reflecting a collective, feminist ethos that has been, in my view, central to inspiring important advances in the field.

The essays in this special issue offer a similar mix of personal and professional reflections. The first four articles review research published in *Politics & Gender* in its first two decades, taking stock of what the journal has meant for gender and politics research, as well as for political science more broadly. In “What Does *Politics & Gender* Publish? Trends, Methods, and Topics in Gender and Politics Research,” Carolyn Barnett, Michael FitzGerald, Katie Krumbholz, and Manika Lamba (2025) analyze metadata to show that the growing volume of work published in the journal has become more quantitative over time and has focused mainly on substantive questions related to women running for office and dynamics of women's political representation. In “From Inclusion to Transformation: *Politics & Gender* as a Critical Actor for Intersectional Political Science,” Ashlee Christoffersen and Orly Siow (2025) explore how articles published in the journal have developed and applied the concept of intersectionality over time. They argue that, while the journal has been critical in bringing this focus into the discipline, there is further work to be done to operationalize intersectionality in line with Black feminist theory and to center women of color and other intersectionally marginalized groups in political science.

In “A Look Back At 20 Years of Research on Gender and Voting in *Politics & Gender*,” Erin C. Cassese and Amanda Friesen (2025) argue that articles published in the journal have helped the discipline better understand how gender shapes the preferences, behavior, and motivations of voters. They identify four major themes of this research: descriptive representation and elections, sources of heterogeneity among women voters, gender differences in information

processing, and gender bias in elections. In “The Growth of a Field: *Politics & Gender* and Research on Gender Quotas,” I analyze the role of the journal in the literature on gender quotas, examining publication patterns over time as well as identifying publications that have been particularly influential. I also show how this work has advanced knowledge in comparative politics and international relations related to candidate selection, electoral reform, political careers, policymaking processes, and stereotypes and public opinion (Krook 2025).

The next seven articles take the form of Notes from the Field, a new article type introduced in 2022 to provide a venue for work on crossing the theory-practice divide. The first three essays, authored by former editors of *Politics & Gender*, reflect on their own experiences at the helm and what they view as the major achievements of the journal in its first twenty years. In “Bridging Attribute and Process: Reflections on Founding *Politics & Gender*,” Lisa Baldez and Karen Beckwith (2025) explain how the journal came to be established and how they conceived of its aims from the perspective of political science and gender studies. They argue that political scientists have tended to conceptualize gender in two ways, as an individual attribute and as a feature of institutions, and they call on scholars to be explicit and intentional about how they use gender in their research.

In “The Changing Subfield of Comparative Politics and the Journal of *Politics & Gender*,” Aili Mari Tripp (2025) considers how the journal has provided a platform for comparative literature on gender and politics, expanding the remit of gender research beyond American politics and influencing the study of comparative politics as a subfield. Citing articles published in the journal, she identifies evolving and emerging areas of research that have deepened our knowledge — and led us to ask new questions — about gendered political dynamics. In “Our Editorial Experience at *Politics & Gender*, 2016–19,” Mary Caputi, Sun Young Kwak, Steven Gonzales, and Timothy Kaufman-Osborn (2025) discuss how themes taken up during their editorial tenure remain as relevant as ever, demonstrating the timeliness as well as strong need for dedicated feminist scholarship in the face of a political climate that is increasingly hostile to feminism.

The next two contributions, by senior scholars, consider how *Politics & Gender* has helped build a broader research community, with tangible impacts on political science as a whole. In “Feminist Institution Building: Political Science and *Politics & Gender*,” Marian Sawyer (2025) reflects on progress in building an epistemic community of gender and politics scholars since the 1970s. She argues that, while institutional spaces for feminist political science have proliferated, the field has remained largely faithful to disciplinary norms, on the one hand, but has transformed the practice of politics and policy, on the other. In “More Than a Journal: *Politics & Gender* and the Study of Women as National Leaders,” Farida Jalalzai (2025) contemplates the role of *Politics & Gender* in establishing a new area of research on women presidents and prime ministers. She credits the journal, and its community, for sustaining her focus — in the face of resistance — on the importance of studying gender and politics.

The final two essays look to the future of the journal. In “Advice for Junior Scholars from the *Politics & Gender* Writing Workshop,” Majka Hahn (2025), the journal’s graduate assistant, offers key takeaways from the 2024 APSA Pre-

Conference Workshop organized by the *Politics & Gender* editorial team. These include finding your interlocutors, the academic conversations you would like to contribute to as a scholar; having a real engagement with gender, going beyond “add women and stir” approaches; and considering the positionality and political context of your research, reflecting on how the underlying politics of a project affect how it is taken up in political science. In “Gender Matters (Even More): Reflections on the Future of *Politics & Gender*,” Sara Angevine (2025) points to remaining gaps in our knowledge despite the impressive growth of gender and politics scholarship over the last 20 years. In her view, three areas in need of further critical investigation include feminist political theory, sexuality and politics, and gender and international relations. In a pithy summary of where the field is headed, she astutely observes that gender not only matters to the study of politics, but in the present context, it matters even more.

References

- Angevine, Sara. 2025. “Gender Matters (Even More): Reflections on the Future of *Politics & Gender*.” *Politics & Gender*: 1–7. doi: [10.1017/S1743923X2500011X](https://doi.org/10.1017/S1743923X2500011X)
- Baldez, Lisa, and Karen Beckwith. 2025. “Bridging Attribute and Process: Reflections on Founding *Politics & Gender*.” *Politics & Gender*: 1–12. doi: [10.1017/S1743923X24000497](https://doi.org/10.1017/S1743923X24000497)
- Barnett, Carolyn, Michael FitzGerald, Katie Krumbholz, and Manika Lamba. 2025. “What Does *Politics & Gender* Publish? Trends, Methods, and Topics in Gender and Politics Research.” *Politics & Gender*: 1–17. doi: [10.1017/S1743923X24000540](https://doi.org/10.1017/S1743923X24000540)
- Caputi, Mary, Sun Young Kwak, Steven Gonzales, and Timothy Kaufman-Osborn. 2025. “Our Editorial Experience at *Politics & Gender*, 2016–19.” *Politics & Gender*: 1–5. doi: [10.1017/S1743923X24000552](https://doi.org/10.1017/S1743923X24000552)
- Cassese, Erin C., and Amanda Friesen. 2025. “A Look Back At 20 Years of Research on Gender and Voting in *Politics & Gender*.” *Politics & Gender*: 1–15. doi: [10.1017/S1743923X24000461](https://doi.org/10.1017/S1743923X24000461)
- Celis, Karen, Sarah Childs, Johanna Kantola, and Mona Lena Krook. 2014. “Constituting Women’s Interests through Representative Claims.” *Politics & Gender* 10 (2): 149–74. doi: [10.1017/S1743923X14000026](https://doi.org/10.1017/S1743923X14000026)
- Childs, Sarah, and Mona Lena Krook. 2006. “Should Feminists Give Up on Critical Mass? A Contingent Yes.” *Politics & Gender* 2 (4): 522–30. doi: [10.1017/S1743923X06251146](https://doi.org/10.1017/S1743923X06251146)
- Christoffersen, Ashlee, and Orly Siow. 2025. “From Inclusion to Transformation: *Politics & Gender* as a Critical Actor for Intersectional Political Science.” *Politics & Gender*: 1–28. doi: [10.1017/S1743923X24000473](https://doi.org/10.1017/S1743923X24000473)
- Driscoll, Amanda, and Mona Lena Krook. 2009. “Can There Be a Feminist Rational Choice Institutionalism?” *Politics & Gender* 5 (2): 238–45. doi: [10.1017/S1743923X0900018X](https://doi.org/10.1017/S1743923X0900018X)
- Franceschet, Susan, Mona Lena Krook, and Christina Wolbrecht. 2023. “Submitting to *Politics & Gender*: Advice from the Editors.” *Politics & Gender* 19 (2): 620–24. doi: [10.1017/S1743923X23000193](https://doi.org/10.1017/S1743923X23000193)
- Hahn, Majka. 2025. “Advice for Junior Scholars from the *Politics & Gender* Writing Workshop.” *Politics & Gender*: 1–6. doi: [10.1017/S1743923X25000108](https://doi.org/10.1017/S1743923X25000108)
- Jalalzai, Farida. 2025. “More Than a Journal: *Politics & Gender* and the Study of Women as National Leaders.” *Politics & Gender*: 1–5. doi: [10.1017/S1743923X24000291](https://doi.org/10.1017/S1743923X24000291)
- Krook, Mona Lena. 2006a. “Gender Quotas, Norms, and Politics.” *Politics & Gender* 2 (1): 110–18. doi: [10.1017/S1743923X06231015](https://doi.org/10.1017/S1743923X06231015)
- Krook, Mona Lena. 2006b. “Reforming Representation: The Diffusion of Candidate Gender Quotas Worldwide.” *Politics & Gender* 2 (3): 303–27. doi: [10.1017/S1743923X06060107](https://doi.org/10.1017/S1743923X06060107)
- Krook, Mona Lena. 2007. “Gender Quotas, Parity Reform, and Political Parties in France. By Katherine A. R. Opello. Lanham, MD: Lexington Books. 2006. 179 pp. \$65.00 cloth, \$22.95 paper” Review of *Gender Quotas, Parity Reform, and Political Parties in France*, Katherine A. R. Opello. *Politics & Gender* 3 (4): 551–53. doi: [10.1017/S1743923X07000190](https://doi.org/10.1017/S1743923X07000190)

- Krook, Mona Lena. 2011. "Gendering Comparative Politics: Achievements and Challenges." *Politics & Gender* 7 (1): 99–105. doi: [10.1017/S1743923X10000590](https://doi.org/10.1017/S1743923X10000590)
- Krook, Mona Lena. 2018. "Violence against Women in Politics: A Rising Global Trend." *Politics & Gender* 14 (4): 673–75. doi: [10.1017/S1743923X18000582](https://doi.org/10.1017/S1743923X18000582)
- Krook, Mona Lena. 2023. "Civic Engagement as a Political Scientist: Tackling Violence against Women in Politics." *Politics & Gender* 19 (3): 935–37. doi: [10.1017/S1743923X23000454](https://doi.org/10.1017/S1743923X23000454)
- Krook, Mona Lena. 2025. "The Growth of a Field: *Politics & Gender* and Research on Gender Quotas." *Politics & Gender*: 1–27. doi: [10.1017/S1743923X25000066](https://doi.org/10.1017/S1743923X25000066)
- Krook, Mona Lena, and Andrea Messing-Mathie. 2013. "Gender Quotas and Comparative Politics: Past, Present, and Future Research Agendas." *Politics & Gender* 9 (3): 299–303. doi: [10.1017/S1743923X13000160](https://doi.org/10.1017/S1743923X13000160)
- Pepera, Sandra, and Mona Lena Krook. 2023. "The #NotTheCost Campaign: An Academic-Practitioner Collaboration." *Politics & Gender* 19 (3): 956–61. doi: [10.1017/S1743923X23000466](https://doi.org/10.1017/S1743923X23000466)
- Sawyer, Marian. 2025. "Feminist Institution Building: Political Science and *Politics & Gender*." *Politics & Gender*: 1–7. doi: [10.1017/S1743923X24000382](https://doi.org/10.1017/S1743923X24000382)
- Tripp, Aili Mari. 2025. "The Changing Subfield of Comparative Politics and the Journal of *Politics & Gender*." *Politics & Gender*: 1–9. doi: [10.1017/S1743923X24000424](https://doi.org/10.1017/S1743923X24000424)

Mona Lena Krook is Distinguished Professor of Political Science and Chair of the Women & Politics Ph.D. Program at Rutgers University: m.l.krook@rutgers.edu