# **Neuron Glia Biology**

#### Aims And Scope

Neuron Glia Biology publishes high-quality original research articles reporting significant findings in the field of neuron-glia interactions, but reviews and concise summaries of relevant research are welcome. The scope of interest encompasses studies on cell-cell communication between cells in the brain and peripheral nervous system, including glial-glial, neuron-neuron, neuro-glia vascular or immune system interactions. Studies of cellular or molecular mechanisms of cell-cell communication during development, information processing, and disease, via diffusible messenger molecules, growth factors and cytokines, membrane receptors, channels and transporters, cell adhesion and extracellular matrix molecules are of interest. Methodological approaches including ultrastructure, live cell imaging, electrophysiology, biochemistry, molecular biology, transplantation, to investigate such biological processes as synaptogenesis, synaptic plasticity, nervous system development, morphogenesis, process outgrowth and regeneration, information processing, myelination, and activity-dependent communication between neurons and non-neuronal cells are appropriate. Research studies with medical implications are welcome, provided they are based on new findings in basic science. Issues are printed on a bimonthly interval, and individual papers are published continuously on-line ahead of print. There are no figure or page charges.

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Sanes, J. R. and Scheller, R. H. (1997) Synapse formation: a molecular perspective. In Cowan, W. M., Jessell, T. M. and Zipursky, S. L. (eds) Molecular and Cellular Approaches to Neural Development. Oxford University Press, pp. 179-219.

Cowan, W. M., Jessell, T. M. and Zipursky, S. L. (eds) (1997) Molecular and Cellular Approaches to Neural Development. Oxford University Press.

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Supplemental data for Stevens et al. (2002). http://www.neuron.org/cgi/content/full/36/5/855/DC1/

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Proposals for reviews or concise meeting reports should be forwarded to the Editor.

# **NEURON GLIA BIOLOGY**

## VOLUME 6 · ISSUE 1 · 2010

### CONTENTS

- 1 Satellite glial cells: more than just 'rings around the neuron' Menachem Hanani
- 3 The structure of the perineuronal sheath of satellite glial cells (SGCs) in sensory ganglia *Ennio Pannese*
- 11 How do the satellite glia cells of the dorsal root ganglia respond to stressed neurons? nitric oxide saga from embryonic development to axonal injury in adulthood Matthew J.G. Bradman, Daleep K. Arora, Richard Morris and Thimmasettappa Thippeswamy
- 19 The role of glial cells in influencing neurite extension by dorsal root ganglion cells *Kai-Yu Ng, Yung H. Wong and Helen Wise*
- 31 Expression and contribution of satellite glial cells purinoceptors to pain transmission in sensory ganglia: an update

  Giovanni Villa, Marta Fumagalli, Claudia Verderio, Maria P. Abbracchio and Stefania Ceruti
- 43 Bidirectional calcium signaling between satellite glial cells and neurons in cultured mouse trigeminal ganglia Sylvia O. Suadicani, Pavel S. Cherkas, Jonathan Zuckerman, David N. Smith, David C. Spray and Menachem Hanani
- 53 Neuronal soma–satellite glial cell interactions in sensory ganglia and the participation of purinergic receptors

  Yanping Gu, Yong Chen, Xiaofei Zhang, Guang-Wen Li, Congying Wang and Li-Yen Mae Huang
- 63 Can satellite glial cells be therapeutic targets for pain control? Luc Jasmin, Jean-Philippe Vit, Aditi Bhargava and Peter T. Ohara
- 73 Satellite glial cells express IL-6 and corresponding signal-transducing receptors in the dorsal root ganglia of rat neuropathic pain model

  Petr Dubový, Ilona Klusáková, Ivana Svíženská and Václav Brázda
- 85 Peripheral inflammation augments gap junction-mediated coupling among satellite glial cells in mouse sympathetic ganglia

  Menachem Hanani, Anna Caspi and Vitali Belzer

